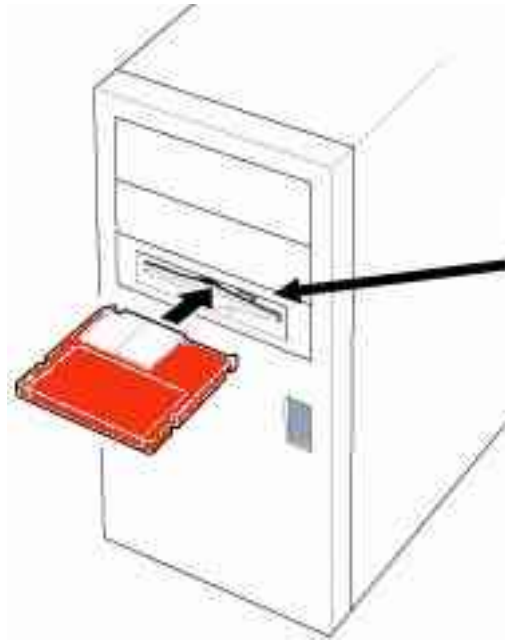


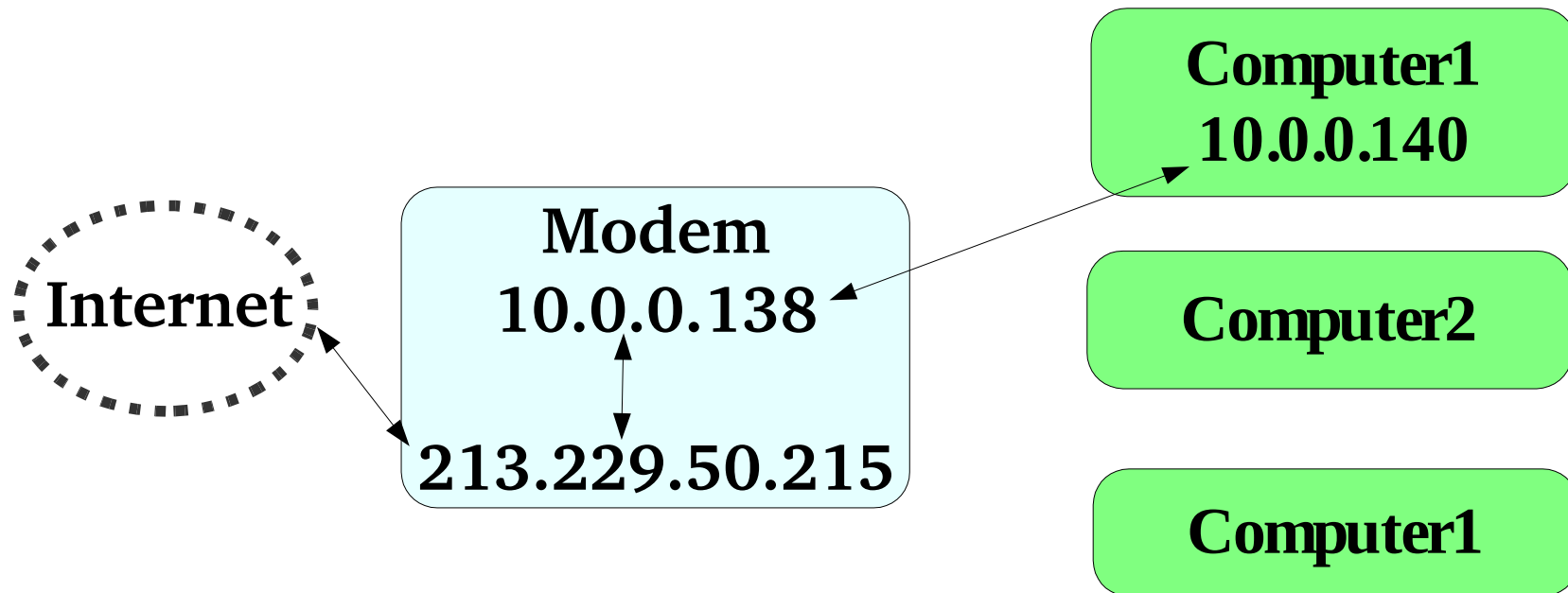
Aus Eins mach Viele



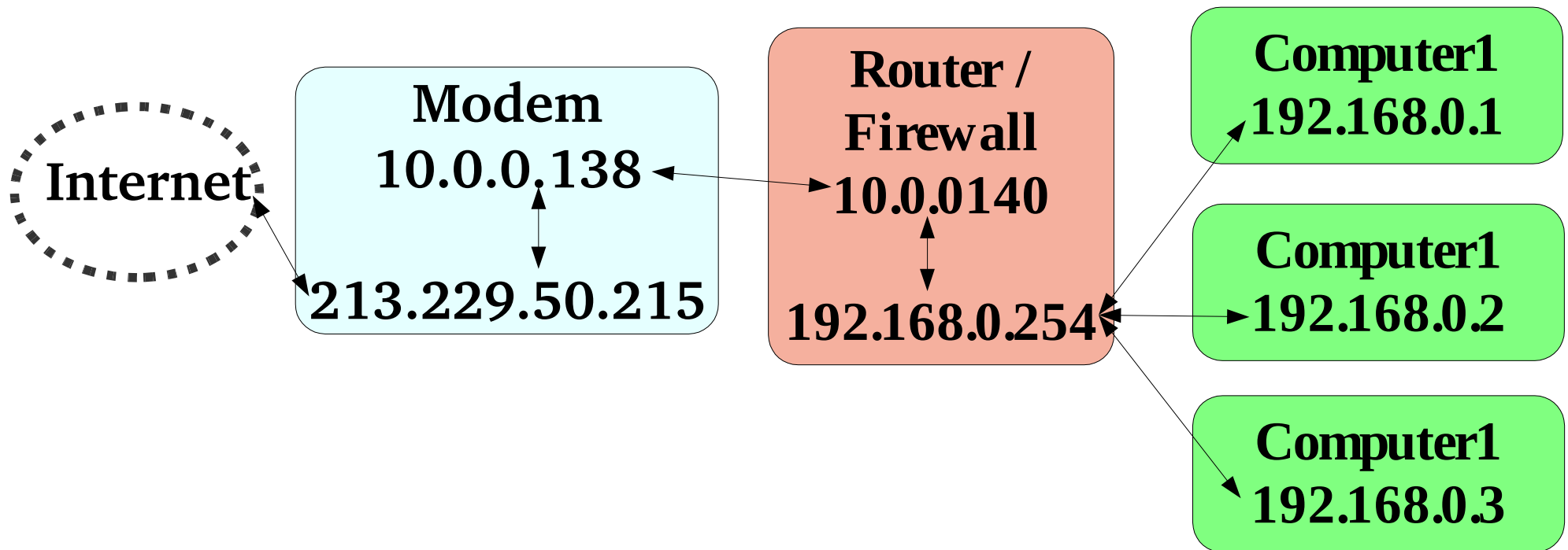
Der Einzelplatz-Zugang für die ganze WG

Sprecher: Rene “cavac” Schickbauer

Die Ausgangslage



Die Zielkonfiguration



Zusätzlich benötigte Hardware (1/2)



10/100 Switch



Soekris net4801



Cat5-Verkabelung



Compact Flash 512MB

Zusätzlich benötigte Hardware (2/2)



Nullmodem-Kabel



Netzteil für Soekris



FreeBSD CD



Energy-Drinks

Soekris-Board “net4801”

128MB Ram

266MHz

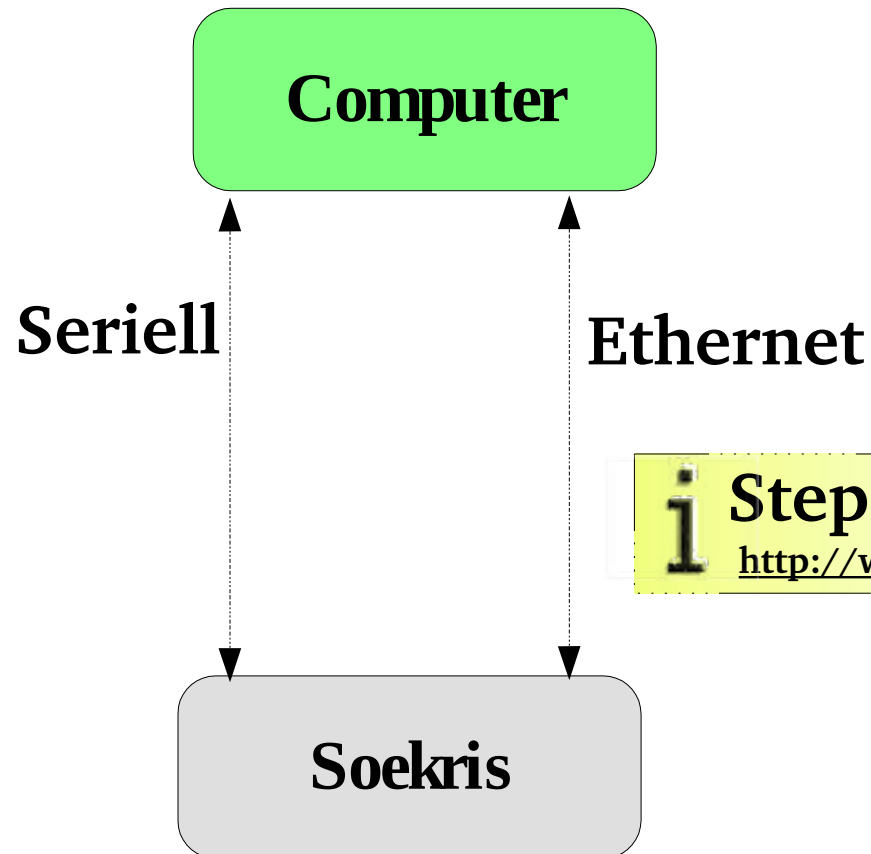
Compact-Flash Port

3x Ethernet

Serielle Konsole



Installation von FreeBSD



i Step-by-Step Anleitung auf:
<http://www.rfc1149.net/freebsd-net4801.html.en>

Einrichten von Internet auf Soekris/FreeBSD

Unterschiedliche Provider verwenden Unterschiedliche Protokolle!

Eine Detailbeschreibung aller möglichen Installationsarten würde hier leider den Rahmen sprengen!

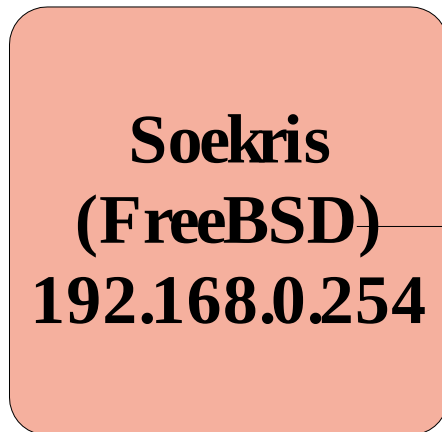


Step-by-Step Anleitungen auf:

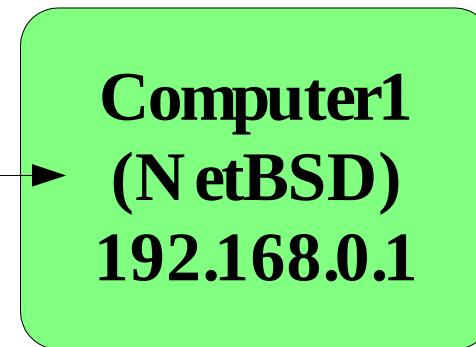
<http://www.freebsd.org/doc/de/books/handbook/ppp-and-slip.html>

Remote Logging

Um Schreibzyklen und Speicher am Flash zu sparen, werden syslog-Einträge an einen Arbeitsrechner geschickt statt lokal gespeichert.



```
/etc/syslog.conf:  
*.* @192.168.0.1
```



```
/etc/rc.conf:  
syslogd=YES  syslogd_flags=""
```



Die Konfiguration ist Systemabhängig:

man syslogd

Ports in Soekris

Soekris

sis0 = 192.168.0.254 -> Internes Netz
sis1 = 10.0.0.140 -> Modem
tun0 = 213.229.50.215 -> Internet
sis2 = reserviert

i

tun0 ist ein *virtuelles* Interface

DHCP und DNS(1/5)

Automatisches Zuweisen von IP-Adressen, Hostnamen und Gateway

Soekris

```
/etc/rc.conf:  
dhcpd_enable="YES"  
dhcpd_ifaces="sis0"  
named_enable="YES"
```

```
/usr/local/etc/dhcpd.conf:  
option domain-name "grumpfzotz.org";  
option domain-name-servers 192.168.0.254;  
option routers 192.168.0.254;  
authoritative;  
ddns-update-style none;  
default-lease-time 100000;  
max-lease-time 200000;  
  
group {  
    use-host-decl-names on;  
  
    host gandalf {  
        hardware ethernet 00:C0:C3:7A:E0:7C;  
        fixed-address gandalf.grumpfzotz.org;  
    }  
    .....[Insert more known hosts here].....  
}  
  
# Dynamic no-names for temporary hosts  
subnet 192.168.0.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {  
    range 192.168.0.100 192.168.0.110;  
    allow unknown-clients;  
    option subnet-mask 255.255.255.0;  
}
```

DHCP und DNS(2/5)

Automatisches Zuweisen von IP-Adressen, Hostnamen und Gateway

Soekris

```
/etc/namedb/named.conf:
option domain-name "grumpfzotz.org";
options {
    directory "/etc/namedb";
    allow-transfer { 192.168.0.0/16; };
    recursion yes;
    allow-query { 192.168.0.0/16; };
    listen-on port 53 { 192.168.0.254; };
};

zone "localhost" {
    type master;
    notify no;
    file "localhost";
};

zone "127.IN-ADDR.ARPA" {
    type master;
    notify no;
    file "127";
};
```

```
zone "grumpfzotz.org" {
    type master;
    notify no;
    file "grumpfzotz.org";
};

zone "0.168.192.in-addr.arpa" {
    type master;
    notify no;
    file "0.168.192";
};

zone "." {
    type hint;
    file "root.cache";
};
```

DHCP und DNS(3/5)

Automatisches Zuweisen von IP-Adressen, Hostnamen und Gateway

Soekris

```
/etc/namedb/grumpfzotz.org:
```

```
$TTL      3600
@          IN      SOA      soekris.grumpfzotz.org. hostmaster.grumpfzotz.org. (
                                2005030501      ; Serial
                                3600             ; Refresh
                                300              ; Retry
                                3600000          ; Expire
                                3600 )           ; Minimum
                                IN      NS       soekris.grumpfzotz.org.
                                IN      MX       10 mail.mymailhost.org.
gandalf    IN      A        192.168.0.1      ; Rechner1
soekris     IN      A        192.168.0.254    ; Soekris
gateway    IN      CNAME    soekris.grumpfzotz.org.
```

DHCP und DNS(4/5)

Automatisches Zuweisen von IP-Adressen, Hostnamen und Gateway

Soekris

```
/etc/namedb/grumpfzotz.org:
```

```
$TTL      3600
@         IN      SOA      soekris.grumpfzotz.org. hostmaster.grumpfzotz.org. (
                                2005011401      ; Serial
                                3600             ; Refresh
                                300              ; Retry
                                3600             ; Expire
                                3600 )          ; Minimum
                                IN      NS       soekris.grumpfzotz.org.
1         IN      PTR      gandalf.grumpfzotz.org.
254       IN      PTR      soekris.grumpfzotz.org.
```

DHCP und DNS(5/5)

Automatisches Zuweisen von IP-Adressen, Hostnamen und Gateway

Computer1

```
/etc/rc.conf:  
dhclient=YES  
dhclient_flags="sip0"
```

Bei Windows-Clients kann man über “Netzwerk-Einstellungen” und “Adresse automatisch zuweisen” DHCP verwenden.

i Bei Problemen kann der Soekris-Rechner über die serielle Konsole konfiguriert werden.

NAT + Firewall (1/5)

Internet-Routing einschalten

Soekris

```
/etc/rc.conf:  
gateway_enable="YES"  
ipnat_enable="YES"  
ipnat_program="/sbin/ipnat"  
ipnat_rules="/etc/ipnat.conf"  
ipnat_flags=""
```

```
/etc/rc.conf:  
map sis0 from 192.168.0.0/24 ! to 192.168.0.0/16 -> 213.229.50.215/32 proxy port  
ftp ftp/tcp  
  
map sis0 from 192.168.0.0/24 ! to 192.168.0.0/16 -> 213.229.50.215/32 portmap  
tcp/udp 40000:65000  
  
map sis0 from 192.168.0.0/24 ! to 192.168.0.0/16 -> 213.229.50.215/32
```

NAT + Firewall (2/5)

Firewall einschalten

Soekris

```
/etc/rc.conf:  
ipfilter_enable="YES"  
ipfilter_program="/sbin/ipf"  
ipfilter_rules="/etc/ipf.conf"  
ipfilter_flags=""  
  
ipmon_enable="YES"  
ipmon_program="/sbin/ipmon"  
ipmon_flags="-Ds"
```

i

Vor dem Einschalten der Firewall sollten die internen Rechner bereits auf das Internet zugreifen können!

NAT + Firewall (3/5)

Externe Verbindung auf tun0

Soekris

/etc/ipf.conf:

```
# Block non-routeable packets
block in log quick on tun0 from 192.168.0.0/16 to any
block in log quick on tun0 from 172.16.0.0/12 to any
block in log quick on tun0 from 10.0.0.0/8 to any
block in log quick on tun0 from 127.0.0.0/8 to any
block in log quick on tun0 from 192.0.2.0/24 to any

# Keep state on allowed outgoing packets
pass out quick on tun0 proto tcp all flags S/SA keep state keep frags
pass out quick on tun0 proto udp all keep state
pass out quick on tun0 proto icmp all keep state

# Block everything else
block return-rst in log on tun0 proto tcp all
block in log quick on tun0 all
block out log quick on tun0 all
```

NAT + Firewall (4/5)

Verbindung von sis1 zu ADSL-Modem

Soekris

/etc/ipf.conf:

Allow connection to Modem

pass out quick on sis1 from 10.0.0.140/32 to 10.0.0.138/32 keep state

pass in quick on sis1 from 10.0.0.138/32 to 10.0.0.140/32 keep state

Block everything else

block in log quick on sis1 all

block out log quick on sis1 all

NAT + Firewall (5/5)

SSH absichern (nur von “gandalf” erlauben)

Soekris

/etc/ipf.conf:

SSH von “gandalf” erlauben

pass out quick on sis0 proto tcp from 192.168.0.254/32 to 192.168.0.1/32 port = 22 flags S/SA keep state keep frags

pass in quick on sis0 proto tcp from 192.168.0.1/32 to 192.168.0.254/32 port = 22 flags S/SA keep state keep frags

block in log quick on sis0 proto tcp all port = 22

block out log quick on sis0 all port = 22

ADSL: Automatischer Neustart (1/2)

Soekris

```
/sbin/checkadsl:
```

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
```

```
use strict;
```

```
use warnings;
```

```
sub checkpptp();
```

```
checkpptp();
```

```
sub checkpptp() {
```

```
    my $cnt = 4;
```

```
    my @hosts = qw[www.inode.at slashdot.org heise.de];
```

```
    my @pings;
```

```
    foreach my $host (@hosts) {
```

```
        push @pings, `ping -c $cnt $host 2>/dev/null`;
```

```
    }
```

```
    my $ok = 0;
```

```
    foreach my $line (@pings) {
```

```
        $ok++ if($line =~ /time=\d+\.\d+/);
```

```
    }
```

```
    if(!$ok) {
```

```
        `killall pptp 2>/dev/null`;
```

```
        sleep 10;
```

```
        system "/bin/sh /sbin/startpptp 2>/dev/null &";
```

```
        sleep 10;
```

```
        `/etc/rc.d/ipfilter reload 2>/dev/null`;
```

```
        `/etc/rc.d/ipnat reload 2>/dev/null`
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

ADSL: Automatischer Neustart (2/2)

Soekris

```
/sbin/startpptp:
```

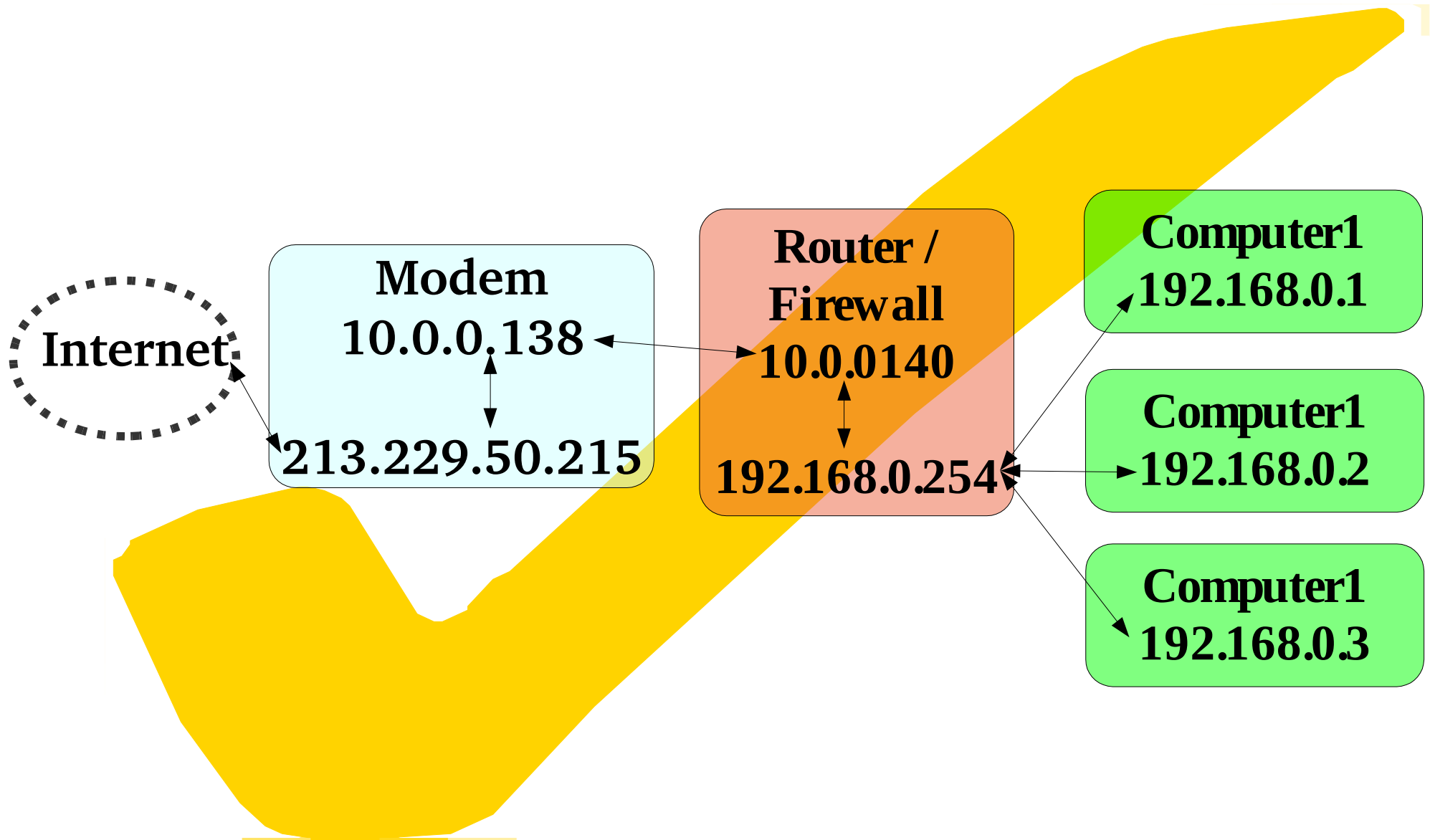
```
#!/bin/sh
```

```
/usr/local/sbin/pptp 10.0.0.138 PPTPCONFIG 2> /dev/null &
```

```
crontab:
```

```
/5 * * * * /usr/bin/perl /sbin/checkadsl
```

Die Zielkonfiguration

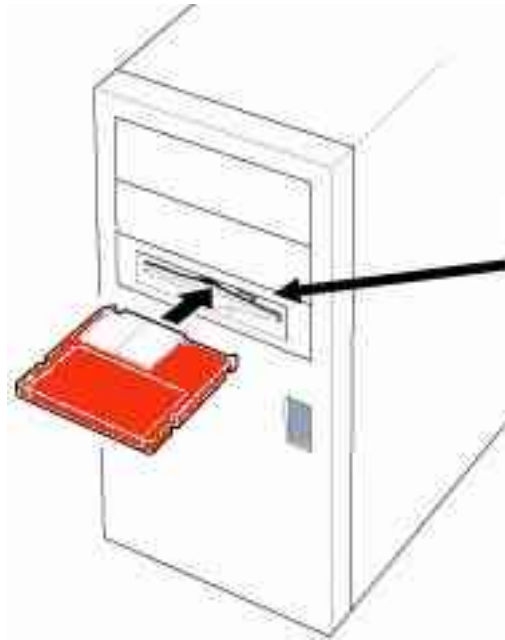


Fragen...?



...und hoffentlich Antworten!

Vielen Dank fürs Zuhören



Der Einzelplatz-Zugang für die ganze WG
ist jetzt betriebsbereit